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<th>No</th>
<th>TITLE</th>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>EMAIL ADDRESS</th>
<th>TITLE OF PROPOSAL</th>
<th>SHORT DESCRIPTION</th>
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<th>KNOWLEDGE FOCUS</th>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Mr</td>
<td>Budiman Agung Pratama</td>
<td><a href="mailto:uscph88@gmail.com">uscph88@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>EVALUATION OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION</td>
<td>The evaluation physical education is very complex. This is because it makes a teacher difficult in doing so as not oriented to the evaluation of the target of evaluation can be said &quot;given the value don't match.&quot;</td>
<td>ORAL</td>
<td>This research is aimed to know the evaluation implementation of physical education in junior high school and MTS of Mantup subdistrict 2013/2014. Using non experimental design technique, the data interpretation using questionnaire, observation, and documentation. The population of this research was all of physical teacher in junior high school and MTS of Mantup Subdistrict 2013/2014 amounts 10 people. Instrument in the form of questionnaires and observation sheets have high levels of validity 0.982 and reliability 0.756. Analysis of experimental data using a percentage formula then the results in consultation with the percentage norm tables. The research result showed in teacher evaluation implementation in junior high school and MTS in Mantup Subdistrict 2013/2014. Designed evaluation before implemented evaluation of 84.6% included &quot;good&quot; category, give the aspects that was evaluated of 83.8% included &quot;good&quot; category, implanted the progress of result evaluation of 85.6% included &quot;good&quot; category. The research result showed through direct observation and documentation implementation evaluations, designed evaluation before implemented evaluation of 80.9% included &quot;good&quot; category, give the aspects that was evaluated of 54.6% included &quot;low&quot; category, implanted the progress of result evaluation of 38.8% included &quot;very low&quot; category. The conclusion of this research is physical education in junior high school and MTS of Mantup generally included &quot;good&quot; basis of knowledge, application directly to the category of &quot;very low&quot; but the application evaluation implementation to the category of &quot;very low&quot; or haven't implemented the evaluation well and haven't agree with evaluation escort of physical education that had been set by National Education Standards.</td>
<td>Physical Education</td>
<td>Research Focus</td>
<td>Graduate Student</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Mrs</td>
<td>EKA FITRI NOVITASARI</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ehnovita@unj.ac.id">ehnovita@unj.ac.id</a></td>
<td>ANALYSIS OF BASIC MOVEMENT SKILLS OF GRADE II ELEMENTARY SCHOOL STUDENTS</td>
<td>Longer Description: The purpose of this study was to: (1) determine achievement of basic motor skills and (2) reveal the professionalism teachers of physical education. The experiment was conducted in five (5) elementary schools in West Cakung, Pulogadung, East Jakarta Indonesia. The samples with a random sampling technique. Retrieved 75 students and 5 teachers of physical education. Results illustrate (1): basic movement skills in the category that is enough are 27 students, while for excellent category are 5 students, good categories are 20 students, the category of less are 20 students and worst category are 3 students. (2): Physical education teachers in elementary school, viewed from the status of education have 4 (four) teachers who completed their highest education in colleges or sports institutes, whereas only 1 (one) teacher who was graduated from sports schools (SGO). When viewed from the average working experience of physical education teachers, they were teaches less than 5 years, only 1 (one) person who teaches more than 10 years. Based on these data it is necessary to improve basic motor skills second grade elementary school students through increased physical education teaching profession with formal and informal activities.</td>
<td>Keyword Set: Basic Motion Skills , Grade II Students</td>
<td>Theme Selection: Physical Education</td>
<td>Knowledge Focus: Research Focus</td>
<td>Biographical Information Physical Education Departement, Faculty of Sport Science, State University of Jakarta-Indonesia</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Mrs Fitrilestari Issom</td>
<td><a href="mailto:fitrilestari@gmail.com">fitrilestari@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Characteristics of Physical Education Teachers who can Develop Empathy Children</td>
<td>Short Description: The paper described about characteristics of physical education teachers who can develop empathy children, namely: (1) the teacher as a caregiver, (2) the teacher as a role model, and (3) the teacher as a mentor.</td>
<td>Presentation Type: Oral</td>
<td>Longer Description: The number of cases of bullying in children that occurred lately in Indonesia, may have an impact on the future development of the nation’s character. Based on data from the Indonesian Child Protection Commission (KPM) shows the cases in school bullying tripled KPM/ public complaints to the education sector. Since its inception in 2011 until August 2014, KPM recorded 360 complaints related to the problem. The number was about 25 percent of the total complaints in the field of education as much as 1468 cases (Republica, 2014). Bullying is a form of violence in schools beating student brawls, educational discrimination, complaints or extortion (Repulika, 2014). According Sarwono (2013) one way to overcome the moral condition as above is by increasing the levels of empathy children. Empathy is a mental state which makes a person feel or identify him in a state of the same feelings or thoughts to other people or other groups (Prianto, 2005). Empathy is different from sympathy. In empathy, we really think and feel when we are in the position of the other person. This shows the importance of empathy in addressing the moral crisis in Indonesia. Developing empathy can be started from little children, in the home environment and continued in the school environment.</td>
<td>Keyword Set: Physical Education Teacher, Empathy</td>
<td>Theme Selection: Knowledge Focus: Theory Focus</td>
<td>Biographical Information: Lecturer in Faculty of Sport Science State University of Jakarta</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Dr Mahenderan Appukutty</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mahen@salam.uitm.edu.my">mahen@salam.uitm.edu.my</a></td>
<td>Food supplement for active individuals</td>
<td>Short Description: The progressions of sports development has led to a significant increase in research and sales of nutritional supplements and also ergogenic aids for boosting performance. There are a wide variety of products that are available commercially; sports drinks, carbohydrate-rich energy products (sports gels and sports bar), protein and protein components, vitamins, minerals and herbal extracts.</td>
<td>Presentation Type: Oral</td>
<td>Longer Description: The term nutritional or dietary supplement is not used consistently in the scientific literature and has no clear definition is available. The use of nutrition supplements is very rampant among elite and upcoming athletes which mainly due to heavily influenced by manufactures and marketing strategies who claim that the products able to increase muscle mass, improve stamina and do forth. For many modern athletes, the term sport nutrition has become synonymous with nutrition supplements. Nutrition supplements include vitamins, minerals, herbs, meal supplements, sports nutrition products, natural food supplements and many other food-related products that been consumed to boost the nutrient content in diet. Most of the leading sports organisations encourage and recommend that athletes should ensure that they have a good diet before considering supplement use.</td>
<td>Keyword Set: Nutrition supplement, physical fitness, sports</td>
<td>Theme Selection: Knowledge Focus: Practice Focus</td>
<td>Biographical Information: Dr Mahenderan Appukutty is currently the Head, Centre of Post Graduate Studies at the Faculty of Sports Science &amp; Recreation, Universiti Teknologi MARA, Shah Alam Selangor. He is also Asst Hon Secretary of the Nutrition Society of Malaysia (NSM). He is Council Member of Malaysian Association for the Study of Obesity (MAOS) and Hon Secretory for Confederation of Scientific &amp; Technological Associations in Malaysia (COSTAM). His research interests and focus are on functional food, health and exercise science. He holds a PhD in Nutritional Sciences focusing on nutrition, immunity and exercise performance from Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, his Master of Sports Science from Universiti Sains Malaysia and Bachelor of Science (Hons) in Nutrition and Community Health from Universiti Putra Malaysia. He has published scientific articles in local and international referred journals, newspaper and magazine. He also presented papers at international and local conferences and seminars in nutrition, health and exercise science. Dr Mahenderan currently serves as the Editorial Board Members for Malaysian Journal of Sports Science &amp; Recreation and has been an invited reviewer for international and local journals in nutrition and sports journal. He collaborates with government and private agencies for many community nutrition promotion and research projects.</td>
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<td>STUDY ON STUDENTS GROSS MOTOR SKILLS KINDERGARTEN DISTRICT SIJUNJUNG WEST SUMATERA</td>
<td>FOSTER</td>
<td>STUDENT INTEREST OF BADMINTON CLUB FIK UNJ TOWARD REFEREEING IN BADMINTON SPORTS</td>
<td>CRAL</td>
<td>FACTORS SUPPORTING PERFORMANCE BRANCH ROWING IN Jambi</td>
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<td>The problem in this study is the lack of gross motor skills of kindergarten children are visible from the ability to run, jump, throw and catch when they play poorly. It happened due to lack of games for the formation berfariasinya form. This research is descriptive. The population is all kindergarten located in District VII Koto Sijunjung district totaling 14 kindergarten. Samples with random sampling techniques, the importance of the sample number 5 pieces of kindergarten. Data were collected using the test gross motor tests that include jumping, walking, running, balance drills, throwing, and catching the ball (Gunzt, 2008).</td>
<td>The purpose of this research is to know the student interest of badminton club FIK UNJ toward refereeing in badminton sports. This research was conducted at faculty of sport science UNJ, in July 2014. The population amounts are 59 students of badminton club FIK UNJ, and the sample was taken using total sampling. This research was used descriptive method with survey to analyse the data. The results showed that: 1). 93% students interest toward refereeing badminton sports, 2). 7% students not interest toward refereeing badminton sports. Factors that affect student interest dimension of 55% of extrinsic factors and 45% of the intrinsic factor.</td>
<td>The provinces in Indonesia which has a very rich natural potential. Wealth is not only seen from the results of its natural source, but also has a diversity of arts and cultural community living in the community. Most of the area was still a wilderness and swamp areas, including the district Tanjabbar good Tanjabbar and East Tanjabbar. Both regions have a unique life, unique and not shared by other regions in the province of Jambi. Activity or rowing tradition, has been inherited by every child in the region Tanjabbar. Since childhood, the children in this district Tanjabbar been taught how to paddle. This is</td>
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**Keyword Set:** Gross motor skills
**Theme:** Referencing in Badminton Sports
**Focus:** Knowledge Focus
**Knowledge Focus:** Student interest, Refereeing in Badminton Sports

**Team:** Student interest, Refereeing in Badminton Sports

**Institution:** Faculty of Sport Science University of Jakarta

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**AUSCIC 2014, Palembang,**

AUSCIC 2014 Committee
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<th>Name</th>
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<th>Institution</th>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Mrs Sari S E Aswulie</td>
<td>Enhancement and Equitable Education Accessibility</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sari.aswulie@gmail.com">sari.aswulie@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Mrs Hartati, Dr., M.Ars</td>
<td>Physical Fitness is one factor that determines the productivity of work, physical fitness can be defined as a person's ability to accomplish a given task easily without causing fatigue and still have spare energy to enjoy leisure time</td>
<td><a href="mailto:hartati@robinson.id">hartati@robinson.id</a></td>
<td>Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Mr Hendra Mashuri</td>
<td>The Influence of Menstruation for the Achievement of Sprint 100 Meters in the Study of Physical Education</td>
<td><a href="mailto:hendra@gmail.com">hendra@gmail.com</a></td>
<td>Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Mrs Kun Sri Wardhani</td>
<td>The Implementation of Skills Program At MAN in Jakarta</td>
<td><a href="mailto:kun.sirawardhani@yahoo.com">kun.sirawardhani@yahoo.com</a></td>
<td>Universitas Nusantara PGRI Kediri</td>
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The purpose of the study is to determine the energy intake when training camp in volleyball athlete of the National Student Sports Week (PONNAS) West Sumatra in 2013. The design of this study was a descriptive study. The population study was the volleyball athlete of the National Student Sports Week (PONNAS) West Sumatra in 2013, amounting to 24 people, 12 male athletes and 12 female athletes. Sampling was done with a total sampling design. To obtain research data used BMI testing and using questionnaires. Data were analyzed using descriptive statistical. The results of the study showed that: 1) Most of the nutritional status of male’s volleyball athletes have a normal weight by 66.67% and overweight by 33.33% and most of the nutritional status of women’s volleyball athletes have less weight by 1 person (8.33 %), normal weight were 83.33% and overweight by 8.33%. 2), there were 4 male athletes who were not balanced between food consumption and physical activity and 8 balanced between food consumption and physical activity and 3) there were 2 women athletes were not balanced between food consumption and physical activity and 10 were balanced between food consumption and physical activity.

The implementation of linguistic gymnastic to increase locomotoric movement among preschool children in Mentari Kindergarten Bogor District.

This research aims to increase locomotoric movement through linguistic gymnastic in preschool children (4-5 years old) in Mentari Kindergarten Bogor District. The subjects of this research includes 11 preschool children age between 4-5 years old. In conclusion, the implementation of linguistic gymnastic result in locomotoric movement ability among preschool children in Mentari Kindergarten Bogor District.

Development of sports industry in the Era of Globalization

This paper about how to develop the sports industry in the era globalization. Development of sports industry is one of the issues relevant to the current. With the development of sports industry is expected to overcome the problem of unemployment, opportunities and as business for young entrepreneurs.
Flexibility in Sumatera Gymnastics and Cycling on the Outside and Inside Exercises to Static Stretching: The Effect of Violence in Sports

**Abstract**

The objective of this study is to reveal the effect of aerobics dance and cycling exercises on psychological well-being of 15-16 years old students of Vocational High School 4 Klaten (Central Java). This study is more focused on the variable of: (1) low impact aerobics dance and cycling as an independent variable, (2) physical fitness as a variable attribute, and (3) psychological well-being as the dependent variable.

The research instrument used was an aerobics test, a physical fitness test, and a psychological well-being test. The samples were obtained using cluster random sampling, with 60 students of Vocational High School 4 Klaten as the research population, 15-16 years old students, in the tenth grade. The sample size was 30 students, divided into two groups with a random match. The observations were done by measuring the flexibility of the Sijunjung athlete rhythmic gymnastics which is likely due to the lack of flexibility of being owned by athletes. This research is a quasi-experiment. The population in this study is in the rhythmic gymnastics athlete Sijunjung West Sumatera totaling 20 athletes and all of them are girls, while sampling the samples were taken in total, after the pre-test the entire sample divided into two groups by matching ordinal pairing technique, where each group consists of 10 people. Implementation of the study consisted of 16 sessions, within a week of exercise performed 3 times. The research instrument used was flexyometer. The study concluded that: (1) Dynamic Stretching Exercises significantly impact on the improvement of flexibility tapok is characterized by tstat 1.87>1.83 tabb. (2) Static Stretching Exercises significant impact on the improvement of flexibility tapok is characterized by tstat 4.25>1.83 tabb. (3) There is a significant difference between the groups with Dynamic Stretching Exercises stretching exercises on the ability of Static flexibility tapok, where ttes 1.87>1.83 tabb.

**Conclusions**

Based on the results of this study, aerobics dance, physical fitness, and psychological well-being had a significant impact on increasing psychological well-being in the group of students who have high physical fitness and who are trained in aerobics dance and cycling obtain higher psychological well-being than those who have low physical fitness. The teenagers who have high physical fitness have increased psychological well-being higher than those who have low physical fitness. There is interaction between aerobics dance, cycling and physical fitness in psychological well-being of teenager students. The students who have high physical fitness and who are trained in aerobics dance and cycling obtain higher psychological well-being than those who are trained in cycling. The students who have low physical fitness have that there is no difference in increasing psychological well-being from those who are trained in cycling.

**Keywords**

Aerobic dance, Physical fitness, Psychological well-being, Teenager.
The purpose of this Paper is to present the 3 aspects of Psychological Condition of Kota Depok Elite Athlete whom will be participate in the West Java Provincial Games 2014. The Psychological aspect that measured are Achievement Motivation, Motivation to do the Training Program and Anxiety when competing in Sport. The research used Survey Methodology, Sport Competition Anxiety Test (SCAT) and Motivation Questionnaires are used to collect data. The finding will show the condition of Kota Depok Elite Athletes, accurately, so that the National Sport Committee of Kota Depok (KONI Kota Depok) can make a good planning to improve the Psychological aspect of their Elite Athletes. According to the research finding, KONI Kota Depok have to reduce the anxiety level of their athletes by variety of programs. According to the research finding, KONI Kota Depok have to reduce the anxiety level of their athletes by variety of programs.