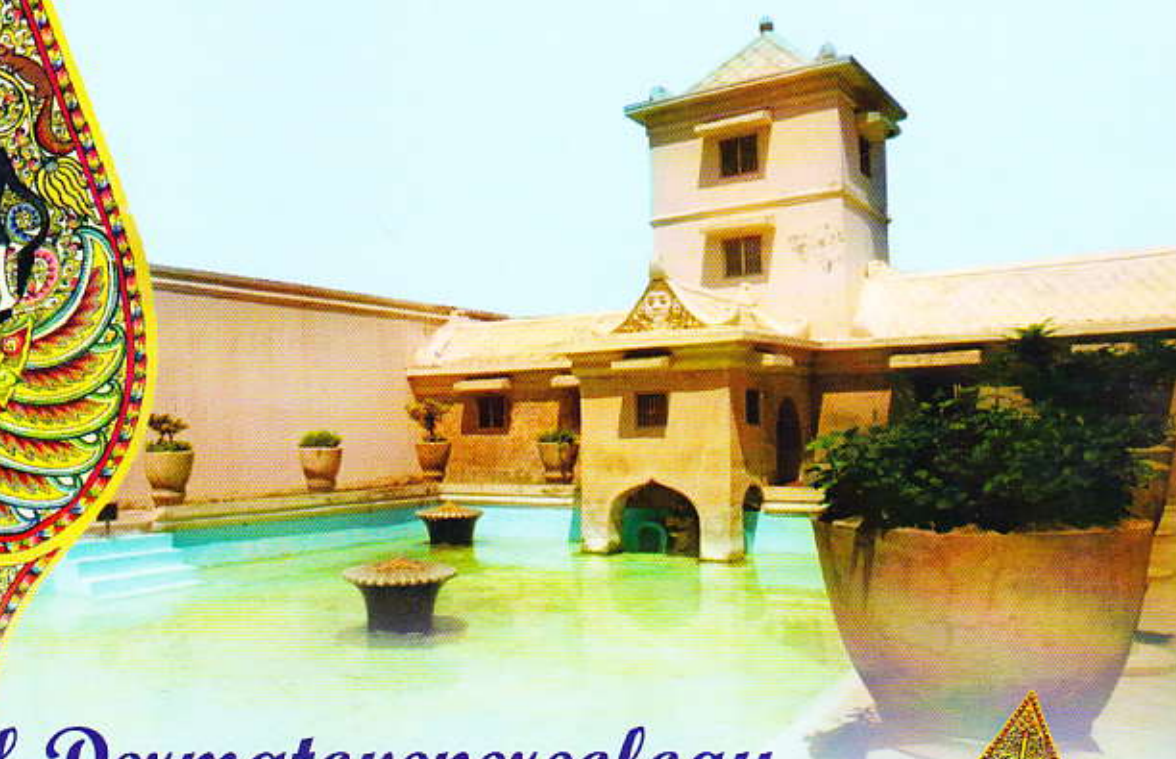




12th ASIA-PASIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL AND OCCUPATIONAL
DERMATOLOGY SYMPOSIUM (APEODS)
in conjunction with
13th ANNUAL SCIENTIFIC MEETING OF
INDONESIAN SOCIETY OF DERMATOLOGY AND
VENEREOLOGY (PIT-PERDOSKI)



*Role of Dermatovenereology
in Environmental and
Occupational Health*

PROGRAM BOOK & ABSTRACT



Yogyakarta, October 23-26, 2013
THE SAHID RICH JOGJA HOTEL
www.apeods-pit2013.com



PD-111

PRIMARY CUTANEOUS T CELL LYMPHOMA: AN UNUSUAL CASE

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Introduction. Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) or skin T-cell lymphoma accounts for about 4% of all cases of non-Hodkin lymphoma (NHL). Approximately two-third of primary cutaneous lymphomas are T-cell origin (cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, CTCL), of which the majority is mycosis fungoides. The disease is more common in male than female.

Case. We reported an unusual case of primary cutaneous T-cell lymphoma in a 47-year-old male. The lesion presented as multiple nodules with superficially crusted and scales on the right anterior chest wall. The multiple nodules rapidly developed along the lymph with enlargement of the lymph node on the right inguinal and right neck regions. No atypical cell was noticed in peripheral blood smear examination. The differential diagnosis of CTCL are leishmaniasis, sporotrichosis, and morbus hansen. Dermoscopy features showed non pigmented malignant tumor. The second intra skin biopsy of a new nodule in anterior chest wall revealed diffuse atypical dermal lymphocyte with cerebriform nuclei infiltrate admixed with scattered or small clusters of medium-sized lymphoid cells in the dermis with papillary edema and epidermotropism.

Discussion . We presented an unusual case of primary cutaneous T-cell lymphoma exhibiting aggressive behavior. Repeated skin biopsies (ellipse rather than punch) are often required to confirm a diagnosis of CTCL. Because of its rarity, it is important to make the correct diagnosis uses the appropriate immunohistochemical stain and treat the patient with proper treatment.

Keyword: *Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, clinical features, histopathology*

PD-112

THE SUCCESFULL CO₂ LASER TREATMENT OF NEVUS UNIUS LATERIS

A case report

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Introduction: nevus unius lateris is benign cutaneous hamartoma lesion varian of epidermal nevus, that typical present at birthbut can arise throughout childhood and rarely appear in adulthood. Many treatment modalities have been used including topical corticosteroid, topical and oral retinoid, cryosurgery, electrosurgery, and gave variable results in the past. We report one case A 15 years old girl with Nevus unius lateris treated with short pulse CO₂ laser.

Case: A 15 year old girl presented with brown, papule scaly patches linier on the right neck since 6 years ago. The lesion had been present from birth slowly growing more exophytic forming following (according) the blaschco line until puberty. A diagnosis of nevus unius lateris was confirmed by biopsy of the lesions. This patient treated with short pulse CO₂ laser treatment in two term eradication, gave satisfactory results, there was no sign of recurrence of follow-up evaluation.

Discussion: CO₂ laser treatment effective for Nevus unius lateris. There is no complication as scaring, because we used short pulse CO₂ laser treatment to control tissue heating

Keyword: *nevus unius lateris, short pulse CO₂ laser*